



FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

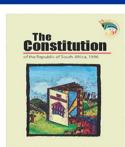
CIGFARO Conference

Golden Valley Casino Lodge, Worcester

M Van Niekerk

THE OBJECTIVE OF GOVERNANCE

- Achieving national, provincial and local government developmental goals – "By 2030, we seek to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality. We seek a country where all its citizens have the capabilities to grasp the ever broadening opportunities available." (National Development Plan, 2011) "To realise an openopportunity society for all, so that residents of the Province can use their freedom to live lives they value". (Provincial Strategic Plan 2014-19)
- Always act in the public interest Restoring public trust
- Resources are being applied in such a manner, that service delivery will be achieved;
 equitably, economically, effectively and efficiently in an agreed ethical environment.









WCG Policy Principles

- Constitutionalism
- Rule of Law
- Evidence Based
- Partnerships
- Whole of society approach
- Citizen centric
- Public Value



FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

Good Financial Governance is defined as:

- Transparent, legitimate and development-orientated state action in the area of public finance both on the revenue and expenditure side. Good financial governance implies that the country has effective and accountable state institutions and financial administrations based on rule of law and that is has efficient audit institutions and parliamentary and civil society control mechanisms and institutions
- It is indispensable condition for economic as well as social and environmentally sustainable development
- It enables effective resource mobilisation, sound fiscal management, the effective, efficient and economic use of resource and transparent and accountable government
- The MFMA and it related Regulations prescribe the minimum financial governance requirements

Given the above there are two key areas of focus:

- Providing stewardship of organisational assets and ensuring that the organisation conducts itself in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements
- Assisting the organisation to develop strategy, obtain resources, and deliver its strategic objectives sustainably.



PROVINCIAL STRATEGIC PLAN 2014 – 2019

Our Provincial Strategic Goals



Strategic Goal 1:

Create opportunities for growth and jobs



Strategic Goal 2:

Improve education outcomes and opportunities for youth development



Strategic Goal 3:

Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills



Strategic Goal 4:

Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment

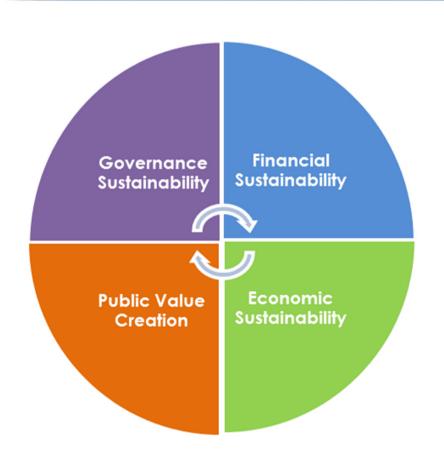
Strategic Goal 5:

Embed good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment





SUSTAINABILITY MODEL: DEVELOPMENTAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT

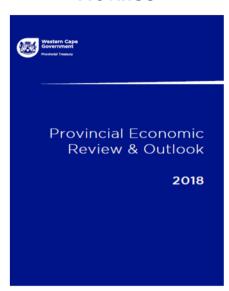


The objects of Local Government as defined in section 152 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 are as follows;

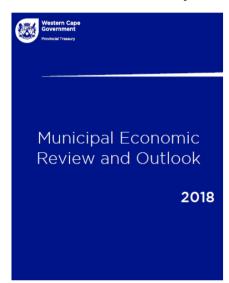
- "(1)(a) to provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- (b) to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- (c) to promote local economic development;
- d) to promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- (e) to encourage the involvement of communities and community organisations in the matters of local government.
- (2) A municipality must strive, within its financial and administrative capacity, to achieve the objects set out in subsection (1)."(South African Government 1996, \$152, \$\$1-2)
- 152 of the Constitution of South Africa
- Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5 of the Constitution of South Africa

Economic Intelligence

Province



Metro & District Municipalities



Global, national, provincial and regional economic review and outlook
Sectoral and industries developments
Labour market dynamics
Socio-economic conditions

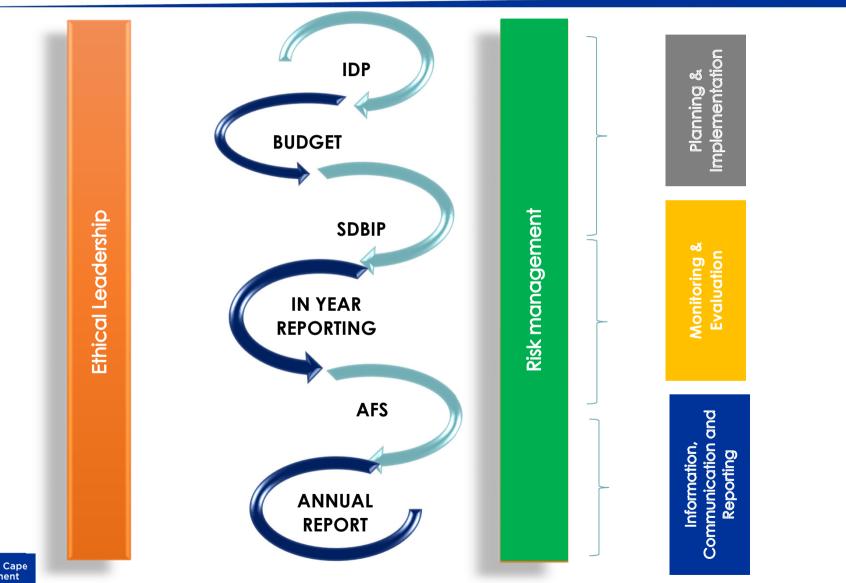
Municipalities



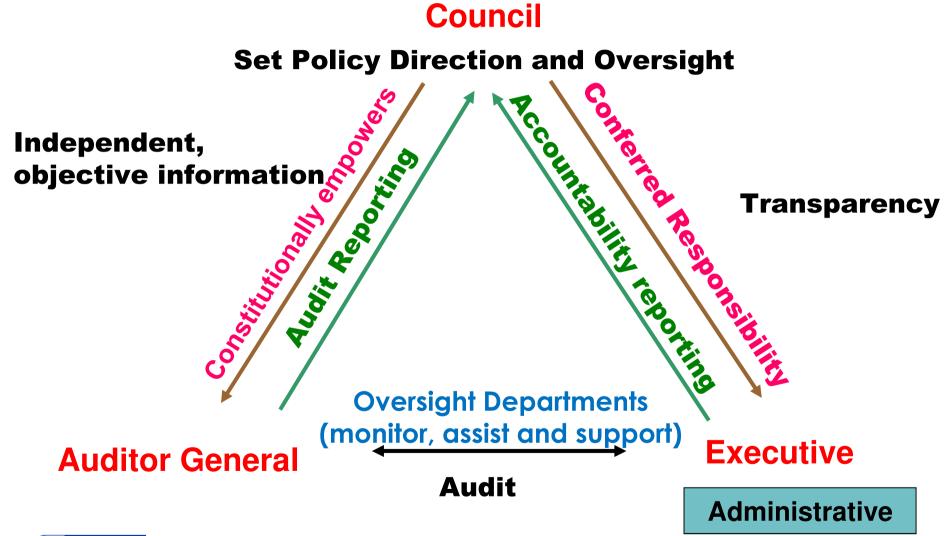
Demographics
Education and Health
Poverty
Basic Service Delivery
Safety and Security
Economy
Infrastructure Development



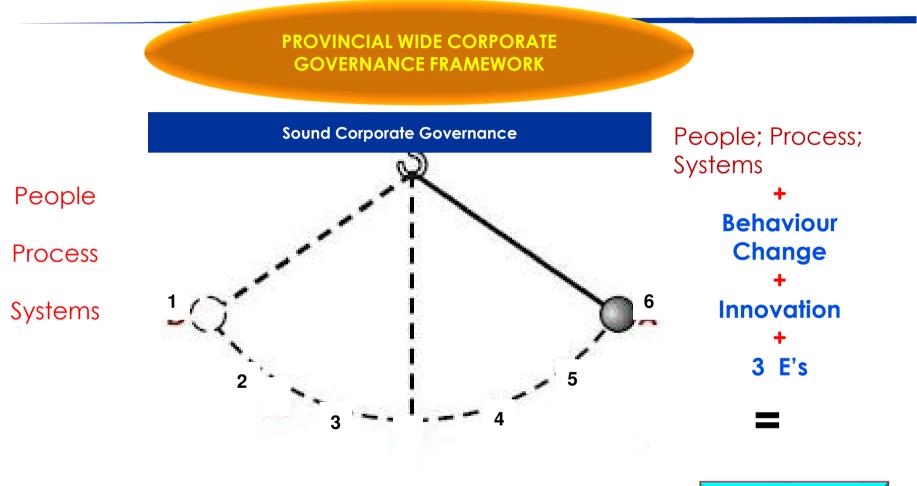
Systemic Cycle of Good Financial Governance



Accountability Relationships



FROM CONFORMANCE TO PERFORMANCE



Financial Management Capability Maturity Levels

Conformance

Performance

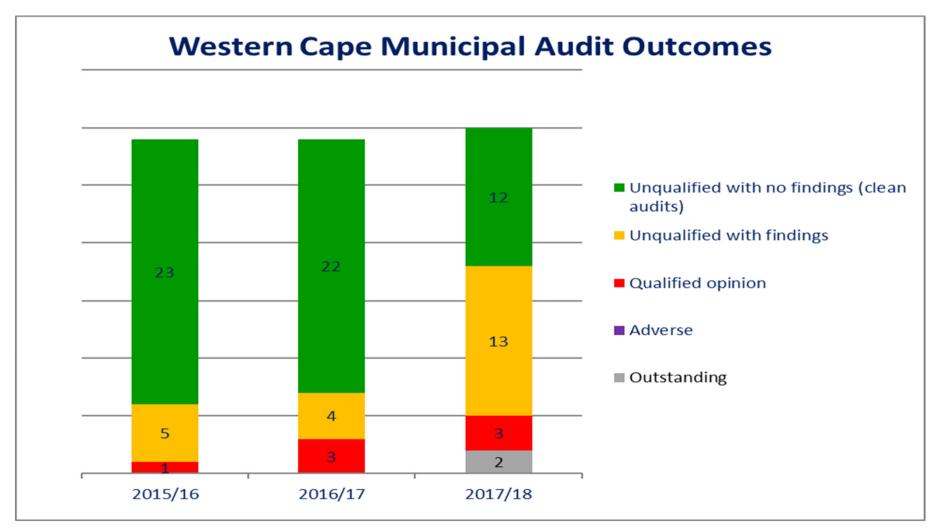




The Status of Financial Governance



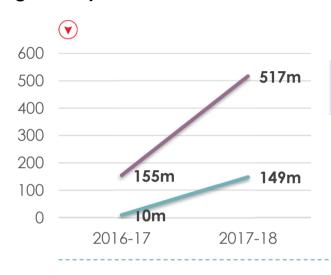
OVERVIEW OF MUNICIPAL AUDIT OUTCOMES





AGSA OUTCOMES: IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE 2017/18

Irregular expenditure increased from R165 million to R666 million (404% increase)



20% (R104 million) of the R517 million represents non-compliance in 2016-17.

22% (R149 million) of the irregular expenditure was payments/ expenses in previous years only uncovered and disclosed for the first time in 2017-18

Nature

- 98% of occurrences caused by non-compliance with SCM legislation
- Main areas of non-compliance within SCM that caused irregular expenditure:
 - Procurement without competitive bidding or quotation process (20%)
 - Non-compliance with procurement process requirements (50%)
 - Non-compliance with legislation on contract management (30%)

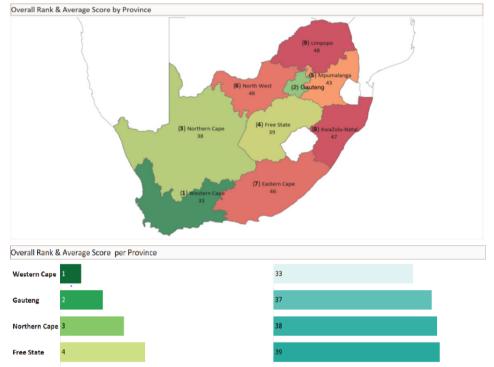


TRANSVERSAL GOVERNANCE CHALLENGES

- Accountability failures within the Political and Administrative Leadership structures
- Ineffective Consequence Management leadership's inaction, or inconsistent action, creates
 a culture of 'no consequences'
- Internal control deficiencies (Lack of implementation and monitoring of controls)
- Ineffective utilisation of assurance providers to improve the design and implementation of internal controls
- Lack of appropriate financial governance skills
- Progressive MFMA reform agenda vs the municipal capacity to implement
 - o mSCOA, SCM reforms, etc
- Lack of Financial Governance Skills
- Lack of independent dispute resolution process i.t.o external audit



GOOD GOVERNANCE AFRICA



Scores: 1 is best worst, 9 is worst.



Mpumalanga

North West

Eastern Cape

KwaZulu-Natal

Limpopo

- Research findings by Good Governance Africa places Mossel Bay in the top spot as the best performing municipality in the country.
- Two (2) of the top three municipalities,
 Mossel Bay and Swartland, are from the
 Western Cape.
- Of the top 20 top performers, the majority (60%) are in the Western Cape.
- The study has proven the correlation between good governance practices and poverty reduction, service delivery and administrative financial soundness as per the Auditor General's assessment that focuses particularly on audit outcomes.

The Way Forward



Key Drivers

Key drivers identified to ensure sound financial governance practices and optimal service delivery to communities are:

Governance

- Ethical and Effective Leadership Strategic Policy Direction and Oversight
- Integrated thinking and reporting linking performance to governance thereby improving value – citizen impact
- Integrated capacity development to develop and empower a corps of competent and committed high-performance employees
- Data and systems enablement creating operational efficiency and enabling informed decision and problem identification and resolution



Intended Outcomes

Ethical and Effective Leadership (Political and Administrative)



- Steers and Sets Strategic Direction
- Enables a culture of accountability and ethical behaviour
- Effective system of internal control

Integrated Reporting and Thinking



Increased understanding of performance and value creation at leadership level and employee level to improve decision making and value – maximum citizen impact

Data and Systems
Enablement



- Creating operational efficiency and enabling informed decision making and problem identification and resolution
- Enabling compliance

Integrated Capacity

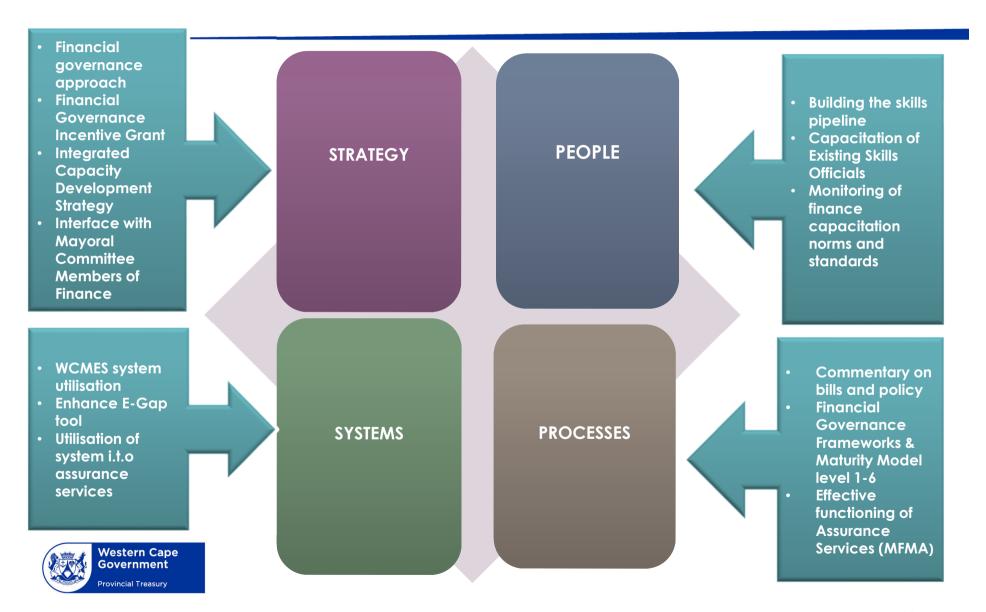
Development



- Developing and empowering a corps of competent and committed high-performance employees
- Holistic developmental approach



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE STRATEGY



Thank you

Contact Us



BETTER TOGETHER.

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Financial Governance

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